

	Lesson title	Lesson objectives
<b>Chapter 1: Energy</b>		
1.1	Potential energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Consider what happens when a spring is stretched.</li> <li>Describe what is meant by gravitational potential energy.</li> <li>Calculate the energy stored by an object raised above ground level.</li> </ul>
1.2	Investigating kinetic energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe how the kinetic energy store of an object changes as its speed changes.</li> <li>Calculate kinetic energy.</li> <li>Consider how energy is transferred.</li> </ul>
1.3	Work done and energy transfer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Understand what is meant by work done.</li> <li>Explain the relationship between work done and force applied.</li> <li>Identify the transfers between energy stores when work is done against friction.</li> </ul>
1.4	Understanding power	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Define power.</li> <li>Compare the rate of energy transfer by various machines and electrical appliances.</li> <li>Calculate power.</li> </ul>
1.5	Specific heat capacity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Understand how things heat up.</li> <li>Find out about heating water.</li> <li>Find out about specific heat capacity.</li> </ul>
1.6	Required practical: Investigating specific heat capacity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use theories to develop a hypothesis.</li> <li>Evaluate a method and suggest improvements.</li> <li>Perform calculations to support conclusions.</li> </ul>
1.7	Dissipation of energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Explain ways of reducing unwanted energy transfer.</li> <li>Describe what affects the rate of cooling of a building.</li> <li>Understand that energy is dissipated.</li> </ul>
1.8	Energy efficiency	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Explain what is meant by energy efficiency.</li> <li>Calculate the efficiency of energy transfers.</li> <li>Find out about conservation of energy.</li> </ul>
1.9	Required practical: Investigating ways of reducing the unwanted energy transfers in a system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use scientific ideas to make predictions</li> <li>Analyse data to identify trends.</li> <li>Evaluate an experimental procedure.</li> </ul>
1.10	Using energy resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe the main energy resources available for use on Earth.</li> <li>Distinguish between renewable and non-renewable resources.</li> <li>Explain the ways in which the energy resources are used.</li> </ul>
1.11	Global energy supplies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Analyse global trends in energy use.</li> <li>Understand what the issues are when using energy resources.</li> </ul>
1.12	Key concept: Energy transfer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To be able to recognize objects with energy.</li> <li>To be able to recognize the different types of energy.</li> <li>To be able to describe energy transfers.</li> <li>To be able to use and describe the law of conservation of energy.</li> </ul>
1.13	Maths skills: Calculations using significant figures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Substitute numerical values into equations and use appropriate units.</li> <li>Change the subject of an equation.</li> <li>Give an answer using an appropriate number of significant figures.</li> </ul>
1.14	Maths skills: Handling data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recognise the difference between mean, mode and median.</li> <li>Explain the use of tables and frequency tables.</li> <li>Explain when to use scatter diagrams, bar charts and histograms.</li> </ul>

	Lesson title	Lesson objectives
<b>Chapter 2: Electricity</b>		
2.1	Static electricity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe how insulating materials can become charged.</li> <li>Know that there are two kinds of electric charge.</li> <li>Explain these observations in terms of electron transfer.</li> </ul>
2.2	Electric fields	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Explain what an electric field is.</li> <li>Draw an electric field pattern for a charged sphere.</li> <li>Use the idea of an electric field to explain electrostatic attraction and sparking.</li> </ul>
2.3	Electric current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Know circuit symbols.</li> <li>Recall that current is a rate of flow of electric charge.</li> <li>Recall that current (<math>I</math>) depends on resistance (<math>R</math>) and potential difference (<math>V</math>)</li> <li>Explain how an electric current passes round a circuit.</li> </ul>
2.4	Series and parallel circuits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recognise series and parallel circuits.</li> <li>Describe the changes in the current in series and parallel circuits.</li> <li>Describe the changes in the potential difference in series and parallel circuits.</li> </ul>
2.5	Investigating circuits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Classify materials as either conducting or insulating.</li> <li>Use series circuits to test components and make measurements.</li> <li>Carry out calculations on series circuits.</li> </ul>
2.6	Circuit components	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Set up a circuit to investigate resistance.</li> <li>Investigate the changing resistance of a filament lamp.</li> <li>Compare the properties of a resistor and a filament lamp.</li> </ul>
2.7	Required practical: Investigate the $I$ - $V$ characteristics of components	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Understand how an experiment can be designed to test an idea.</li> <li>Evaluate how an experimental procedure can yield more accurate data.</li> <li>Interpret and explain graphs using scientific ideas.</li> </ul>
2.8	Required practical: Use circuit diagrams to set up and check appropriate circuits to investigate the factors affecting the resistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use a circuit to determine resistance.</li> <li>Gather valid data for use in calculations.</li> <li>Apply the circuit to determine the resistance of combinations of components.</li> </ul>
2.9	Control circuits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use a thermistor and a light-dependent resistor (LDR).</li> <li>Investigate the properties of thermistors, LDRs and diodes.</li> </ul>
2.10	Electricity in the home	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recall that the domestic supply in the UK is 230 V ac and 50 Hz.</li> <li>Describe the main features of live, neutral and earth wires.</li> </ul>
2.11	Transmitting electricity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe how electricity is transmitted using the National Grid.</li> <li>Explain why electrical power is transmitted at high potential differences.</li> <li>Understand the role of transformers.</li> </ul>
2.12	Power and energy transfers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe the energy transfers in different domestic appliances.</li> <li>Describe power as a rate of energy transfer.</li> <li>Calculate the energy transferred.</li> </ul>
2.13	Calculating power	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Calculate power.</li> <li>Use power equations to solve problems.</li> <li>Consider power ratings and changes in stored energy.</li> </ul>
2.14	Key concept: What's the difference between potential difference and current?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Understand the concepts of current and potential difference.</li> <li>Apply the concepts of current and potential difference.</li> <li>Use these concepts to explain various situations.</li> </ul>
2.15	Maths skills: Using formulae and understanding graphs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recognise how algebraic equations define the relationships between variables.</li> <li>Solve simple algebraic equations by substituting numerical values.</li> <li>Describe relationships expressed in graphical form.</li> </ul>

	Lesson title	Lesson objectives
<b>Chapter 3: Particle Model of Matter</b>		
3.1	Density	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use the particle model to explain the different states of matter.</li> <li>Describe differences in density for different states of matter.</li> <li>Calculate density for the different states of matter.</li> </ul>
3.2	Required practical: To investigate the densities of regular and irregular solid objects and liquids	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Interpret observations and data.</li> <li>Use spatial models to solve problems.</li> <li>Plan experiments and devise procedures.</li> <li>Use an appropriate number of significant figures in measurements and calculations.</li> </ul>
3.3	Changes of state	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe how, when substances change state, mass is conserved.</li> <li>Describe energy transfer in changes of state.</li> <li>Explain changes of state in terms of particles.</li> </ul>
3.4	Internal energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe the particle model of matter.</li> <li>Understand what is meant by the internal energy of a system.</li> <li>Describe the effect of heating on the energy stored within a system.</li> </ul>
3.5	Specific heat capacity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe the effect of increasing the temperature of a system in terms of particles.</li> <li>State the factors that are affected by an increase in temperature of a substance.</li> <li>Explain specific heat capacity.</li> </ul>
3.6	Latent heat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Explain what is meant by latent heat.</li> <li>Describe that when a change of state occurs it changes the energy stored but not the temperature.</li> <li>Perform calculations involving specific latent heat.</li> </ul>
3.7	Particle motion in gases	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Relate the temperature of a gas to the average kinetic energy of the particle.</li> <li>Explain how gas has a pressure.</li> <li>Explain that changing the temperature of a gas held at constant volume changes its pressure.</li> </ul>
3.8	Increasing the pressure of a gas	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe the relationship between the pressure and volume of a gas at constant temperature.</li> <li>Calculate the change in the pressure or volume of a gas held at constant temperature when either the pressure or volume is increased or decreased.</li> <li>Explain how doing work on a gas can increase its temperature.</li> </ul>
3.9	Key concept: Particle model and changes of state	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use the particle model to explain states of matter.</li> <li>Use ideas about energy and bonds to explain changes of state.</li> <li>Explain the relationship between temperature and energy.</li> </ul>
3.10	Maths skills: Drawing and interpreting graphs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Plot a graph of temperature against time, choosing a suitable scale.</li> <li>Draw a line of best fit (which may be a curve).</li> <li>Interpret a graph of temperature against time.</li> </ul>

	Lesson title	Lesson objectives
<b>Chapter 4: Atomic Structure</b>		
4.1	Atomic structure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe the structure of the atom.</li> <li>Use symbols to represent particles.</li> <li>Describe ionisation.</li> </ul>
4.2	Radioactive decay	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe radioactive decay.</li> <li>Describe the types of nuclear radiation.</li> <li>Understand the processes of alpha decay and beta decay.</li> </ul>
4.3	Background radiation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recall sources of background radiation.</li> <li>Describe how different types of radiation have differing ionising power.</li> <li>Justify the selection of sources for particular applications.</li> </ul>
4.4	Nuclear equations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Understand nuclear equations.</li> <li>Write balanced nuclear equations for alpha decay.</li> <li>Write balanced nuclear equations for beta decay.</li> </ul>
4.5	Radioactive half-life	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Explain what is meant by radioactive half-life.</li> <li>Calculate half-life.</li> <li>Choose the best radioisotope for a task.</li> </ul>
4.6	Hazards and uses of radiation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe radioactive contamination.</li> <li>Give examples of how radioactive tracers can be used.</li> <li>Explain how contaminated waste is disposed of.</li> </ul>
4.7	Irradiation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Explain what is meant by irradiation.</li> <li>Understand the distinction between contamination and irradiation.</li> <li>Appreciate the importance of communication between scientists.</li> </ul>
4.8	Uses of radiation in medicine	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Compare gamma rays and X-rays.</li> <li>Describe some uses of radiation for medical diagnosis and therapy.</li> </ul>
4.9	Using nuclear radiation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Explore the risks and benefits of using nuclear radiation.</li> <li>Describe how internal organs can be explored.</li> <li>Understand how nuclear radiation can control or destroy unwanted tissue.</li> </ul>
4.10	Nuclear fission	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe nuclear fission.</li> <li>Explain how a chain reaction occurs.</li> <li>Explain how fission is used.</li> </ul>
4.11	Nuclear fusion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Explain nuclear fusion.</li> <li>Describe the conditions needed for fusion.</li> <li>Describe how nuclear fusion might be an attractive energy source.</li> </ul>
4.12	Key concept: Developing ideas for the structure of the atom	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Understand how ideas about the structure of the atom have changed.</li> <li>How evidence is used to test and improve models.</li> </ul>
4.13	Maths skills: Using ratios and proportional reasoning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Calculate radioactive half-life from a curve of best fit.</li> <li>Calculate the net decline in radioactivity.</li> </ul>